



THE USE OF INNOVATIVE NON-INVASIVE VENTILATION MASK WITH AN INBUILT FEEDING PORT (NIV-IFP MASK) IN PATIENTS REQUIRING PROLONGED VENTILATION

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- Nutrition in patients on long term NIV support
- Feeding breaks on NIV are ultrashort as disconnections desaturates the patients
- Malnourished patients become ventilator dependant, difficult to wean or progress to Invasive Mechanical ventilation (IMV) with poor outcome
- Prolonged NIV vent can cause stomach insufflation and subsequent regurgitation especially when patient is obtunded
- For adequate delivery of nutrition, a gastric tube is inserted from the nose or the mouth that passes out through the margin of the NIV causing significant leak and inadequate ventilation to the patient there by causing hypoxia and hypercapnia





- This proprietary design by a renowned company is very expensive (Rs 4,000-Rs 5,000)
- As NIV causes dehydration: For patients on intermittent NIV, this opening cannot support a straw or a modified feeding tube for drinking water or other fluids
- RT can get kinked, pressure marks on skin during long term ventilation
- > Causes mild discomfort to the patient





ADVANTAGES

A gland nut mechanism admits RT of all possible sizes (smaller RT prevents minimal gastric insufflation during NIV)

No air leak, no kinking of RT, no discomfort to patient

RT can be modified into a straw for consuming water during the course of NIV administration

Price – only Rs 600/- to Rs 700/- all inclusive

RYLE'S TUBE (RT)

REGULAR NIV MASK

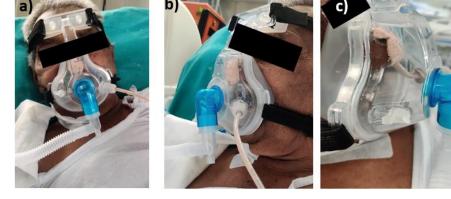
Use of the NIV-IFP mask in Clinical Trials

For patient trails, Institutional ethical clearance for use of this mask was received via AFMC Institutional ethical committee no IEC/2022.03 dated 15th Mar 2022

> Patient of Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome on long term NIV requirement

This mask has been protected by the filing of a patent 202221021640 dated 11th Apr 2022.

a) modified NIV mask on patient b) Feeding port with Ryle's tube in situ c) Ryle's tube entering nose under direct vison





a) Prototype NIV mask placed on mannequin b) Gland nut mechanism for feeding port



Assessment of the device

The NIV mask was tested on patients. The air leak observed was minimal. The functioning of the RT was not affected. There was no discomfort to the patient or the healthcare workers taking care of the patient

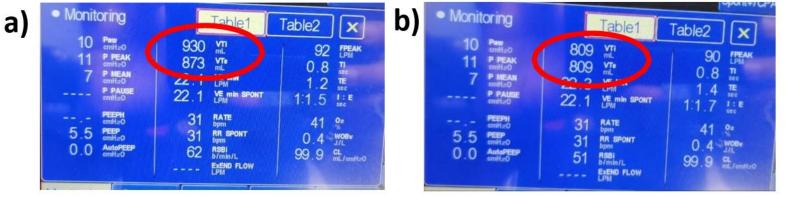
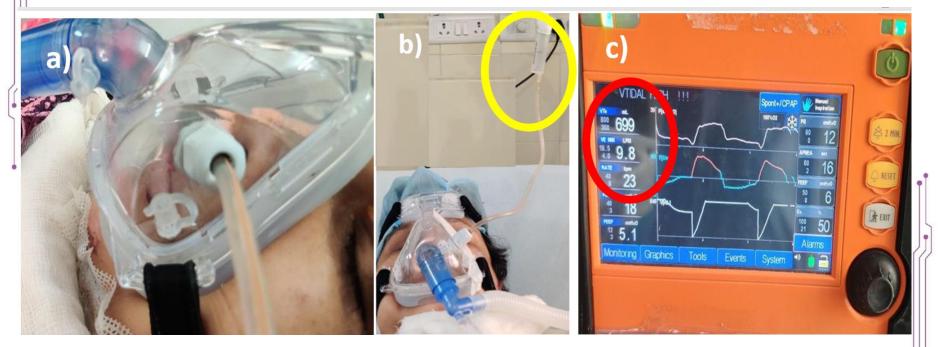


Figure: Leak during NIV a) minimal leak of 63 ml b) No leak



Patient with about 60% burns requiring repeated surgeries



a) NIV-IFP mask on patient b) Feeding port with Ryle's tube in situ, continuous RT feed being administered without NIV break c) Good tidal volume generation and minimum leak during NIV on spontaneous mode



Comparison in the leak and nutrition delivered between both masks

PATIENT	NIV LEAK	NIV-IFP	NIV RT feed	NIV- IFP RT feed
	(ml)	LEAK (ml)	(Kcal/24 hrs)	(Kcal/24 hrs)
Patient 1	150-200	56	650	2500
Patient 2	100-200	No leak	750	2000
Patient 3	150-250	75	800	2200



Conclusion

- Poor nutrition is associated with longer stay in the hospital, higher rate of conversion from NIV to invasive ventilation and poorer outcomes
- > Also associated with a high morbidity and
- The NIV mask with feeding port achieves this aim at an affordable cost
- When compared to other available technologies in this field, it can be concluded that this NIV mask with the feeding port is:
 - > very economical and can be a boon in third world countries
 - The placement of this unique mechanism in the mask was instrumental in weaning off patients from NIV and avoided Invasive ventilation
- It was proved beyond doubt that addition of this gland nut assembly was extremely effective in delivering adequate nutrition to our patients without compromising on the ventilation



Our Team

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IIT Bombay for helping in IPR



Thank You